alienus (Foerst.) and *Myrmica scabrinodis* Nyl. as infrequent alternative hosts. All three of these ant species were caught at this site. Their respective mean numbers per trap were 8, 1 and 38.

During 1988 pitfall traps had been installed at the same locations between 25th May and 22nd June. Indeed, many of the 1989 traps were replaced in the holes left in the turf from the previous year. The same three species of ant were collected from this site in 1988, at mean numbers/trap of 3.5, 1.25 and 68.9 respectively, but no *Claviger testaceus* were caught.

I am unaware of any records of *C. testaceus* having previously been collected in pitfall traps. It is thought unlikely that these slow-moving pselaphids crawled from a *Lasius flavus* nest and fell into the pitfall traps. It would appear much more likey that they were being transported by their hosts from one nest to another. Certainly there were more than sufficient ants in each jar containing *C. testaceus* to satisfy this theory. The questions remain, why should this behaviour have occurred during 1989 but not at the same site in 1988?; and why has it not been observed at the numerous other chalk grassland sites where extensive pitfall programmes have been carried out? Was the hot dry summer of 1989 responsible for initiating some unusual behaviour on the part of the beetle and/or its ant host? Alternatively, had the *L. flavus* colonies increased, as a result of favourable climatic factors, necessitating emigration to found new colonies? — R. COLIN WELCH, Institute of Terrestrial Ecology, Monks Wood Experimental Station, Abbots Ripton, Huntingdon, Cambs PE17 2LS.

## Mordellistena nanuloides Ermisch (Col.: Mordellidae) from the Isle of Grain, Kent

On 16.viii.88, I tapped a female *M. nanuloides* from a plant of *Artemisia maritima* L. growing not far above high water mark at a site just to the south of the town of Grain, Isle of Grain. No further specimens could be found in spite of careful examination of stands of the plant growing in the area. On 21.vi.89, I was taken by my friend Mr N. Heal to the sea-wall at Hoo Marsh, Isle of Grain and there we found a number of specimens of *nanuloides* by tapping plants of the same species over our nets. They were accompanied by many examples of *Longitarsis absynthii* Kutschera, a species which Mr Heal had noted at the spot on a visit a few days previously.

This species was formerly confused with *M. parvula* (Gyllenhal) (see Allen, A.A. 1986 *Ent. Record* 98: 47; Batten, R. 1986 *Ent. Gazette* 37: 225). As far as I am aware, it has published records only from the Isle of Sheppey, Kent. The site at Grain is only two km (across the Medway estuary) from the nearest part of the Isle of Sheppey but whether the species has reached the Isle of Grain from the Isle of Sheppey recently or has long been present there is something that is unlikely to be clarified. — J.A. OWEN, 8 Kingsdown Road, Epsom, Surrey KT17 3PU.